



# AccuDiag™ HBsAb ELISA Kit

## REF 1702-P1



HBsAb ELISA		
Principle	Indirect ELISA	
Detection	Qualitative	
Sample	50 µL serum/plasma	
Incubation Time	70 minutes	
Shelf Life	12 Months from the manufacturing date	



### INTENDED USE

DAI HBsAb ELISA Test is an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) test designed for the qualitative detection of anti-hepatitis type B surface antibodies (HBsAb) in human serum or plasma.

## REAGENTS

### Materials provided with the kit

- 1. Twelve 1 x 8-well strips coated with purified HBsAg antigen. The strips are packaged in a strip holder and sealed in an envelope with desiccant.
- 2. Negative Control 0.75 ml (blue)
- 3. Positive Control 0.75 ml (pink)
- 4. HRP-HBsAb conjugate (6 ml white vial with yellow tip)

- 5. Wash buffer (25 ml) 30x concentrated
- 6. Substrate (TMB) solution (11 ml, black vial)
- 7. Stopping solution (11 ml, white vial with white tip)

### Materials required but not provided

- 1. Microtiter plate reader capable of measuring optical density (OD) at 450 nm either with or without a reference filter of 620-630 nm.
- 2. Micropipettes capable of delivering 5-200  $\mu l$  , pipette tip and deionized or distilled water.

## REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. Bring all reagents to room temperature and gently mix well.
- 2. Dilute the wash buffer (30x) with deionized or distilled water. Mix well.

# ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 1. Label negative and positive control wells. Transfer 50  $\mu$ l of negative control, positive control, and sample to the wells, duplicate for each negative and positive.
- 2. Add 50  $\mu l$  of HRP conjugate solution to each well and mix well.
- 3. Cover the wells and incubate the wells at  $37^{\circ}$ C for 60 minutes.
- 4. Vigorously shake out the liquid from the wells and wash each well 5 times with 250-300  $\mu l$  diluted wash buffer.
- 5. Add 100  $\mu l$  (2 drops) TMB substrate to each well and incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes.
- 6. Add 50  $\mu l$  (one drop) stop solution to each well. Gently shake wells.
- 7. Set the microplate reader wavelength at 450 nm. Measure the OD of each well. A filter of 620-690 nm can be used as a reference wavelength to optimize the assay result.



#### A. Calculations

Calculate an OD ratio for each specimen by dividing its OD value by the negative OD Value as follows:

#### Specimen OD

Negative OD

Note: If the negative control OD is less than 0.050, use 0.050 for calculations.

B. Interpretations

Specimen OD ratio =

Specimen OD ratio	
Negative	< 2.10
Positive	≥ 2.10

The negative result indicates that there is no detectable HBsAb in the specimen while positive result revealed that the patient might have been infected by Hepatitis type B virus.

Diagnostic Automation/Cortez Diagnostics, Inc.

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MANUFACTURER AND BRAND DETAILS	
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